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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/433,139	11/03/1999	JOHN G. SAVAGE	. 8184.00	2123
26889	7590 08/05/2005		EXAMINER	
MICHAEL CHAN NCR CORPORATION 1700 SOUTH PATTERSON BLVD			FLYNN, KIMBERLY D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
DAYTON, OH 45479-0001			2153 DATE MAILED: 08/05/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	
Advisory Action	09/433,139	
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	
	Kimberly D. Flynn	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet w	
THE REPLY FILED 24 May 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APP	LICATION IN CONDITION	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or or this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No.	wing replies: (1) an amend	

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/433,139	SAVAGE ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Kimberly D. Flynn	2153 .	

before the rining of an Appear Brief	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Kimberly D. Flynn	2153 ,					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 24 May 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
☑ The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods:							
	The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire	The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.						
TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7	Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f).						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of exunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the	tension and the corresponding amount	of the fee. The appropr	iate extension fee				
set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office late may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b NOTICE OF APPEAL	r than three months after the mailing da	te of the final rejection,	even if timely filed,				
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).							
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>							
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection,			ecause				
 (a) ☐ They raise new issues that would require further co (b) ☐ They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below 		i E below);					
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in be appeal; and/or		ducing or simplifying	the issues for				
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally rej	ected claims.					
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).							
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.1		empliant Amendment	(PTOL-324).				
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):							
6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s).							
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		Il be entered and an e	explanation of				
Claim(s) allowed:		,					
Claim(s) objected to:							
Claim(s) rejected: <u>36-40</u> . Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, be because applicant failed to provide a showing of good ar was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 	ut before or on the date of filing a North sufficient reasons why the affidate	otice of Appeal will <u>no</u> vit or other evidence is	ot be entered s necessary and				
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessal 	overcome all rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fa	ils to provide a				
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER							
 The request for reconsideration has been considered be <u>See Continuation Sheet.</u> 	ut does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowa	nce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper Note (\$).							
13. Other:		/ X/					
		GLENTON B. BURGES RVISORY PATENT EX	SS AMINER				
	SUPEI	CHNOLOGY CENTER	2100				

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 4-05)

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments filed 01/05/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that there is no motivation to modify Kanevsky with the teachings of Suer. Examiner disagrees. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992).

In this particular case:

Although the system disclosed by Kanevsky et al. (USPN 6,334,109) shows substantial features of the claimed invention, it fails to disclose means wherein:

- a. The user device is a portable device, retained by the customer, which establishes a wireless communication with the transaction device.
- b. The transaction device is an Automated Teller Machine (ATM). The transaction is the dispensation of cash.

Nonetheless, these features are well known in the art and it would have been an obvious modification of the system disclosed by Kanevsky et al. (USPN 6,334,109), as evidenced by Suer et al. (USPN 6,431,439).

In an analogous art, Suer et al. (USPN 6,431,439) discloses a system for performing transactions wherein'.

- a. The user device is a portable device, retained by the customer, which establishes a wireless communication with the transaction device (column 4, lines 30-34., column 6, lines 44-55).
- b. The transaction device is an Automated Teller Machine (ATM) (column 4, lines 30-34., column 6, lines 44-55).
- c. The transaction is the dispensation of cash (column 6, lines 44-55).

Given the teaching of Suer et al. (USPN 6,431,439), a person having ordinary kill in the art would have readily recognized the desirability and advantages of modifying Kanevsky by employing the provision of personalized information to the user of an ATM and a portable device. This benefits the system because the user of an ATM

May be in need of information relating to the area of the machine. Further, the system will address a larger number of users by branching out to ATMS in addition to other points of sale while the user may save the information to the portable device.

Examiner maintains that there is sufficient motivation to combine the two references.